Personality and selfawareness

Helen Rayner, Lead Consultant, November 20th 2018 **EUROPEAN TRAINERS' CONFERENCE 2018**





How do we develop self-awareness?









Why increase self-awareness?



Understanding yourself is the key to understanding others

Self-awareness has positive benefits at work:

- Wellbeing
- Performance
- Leadership

A high level of self-awareness was the strongest predictor of success

When it comes to business leadership, nice guys finish first

Green peak partners



Definitions of self-awareness



"Self-awareness" refers to the capacity to become the object of ones own attention.

Morin, 2006

Self-awareness can be defined as a higher level concept which includes the extent to which people are consciously aware of their interactions or relationships with others and of their internal states

Sutton, Williams, & Allinson, 2015



Definitions of self-awareness

mbti.

Having an understanding of why you think, feel and act the way you do across situations

Knowing why you feel the way you do

Knowing what makes you 'you' and how this affects the way you behave

An ability to self reflect and introspect on one's thoughts, feelings and place in the world. Used in comparison with others as a way of self monitoring and self regulation.

Knowing yourself

Like an "out of the body" separate consciousness observing yourself as if a separate being

Probably slightly above average as it's the nature of my job



Four aspects of self-awareness





Insight

 Ability to name feelings, comfort with uncomfortable feelings, understanding one's motives



Reflection

 Reflecting on one's thoughts and feelings, valuing selfreflection and others' self-reflection



Rumination

 Recalling negative events, considering the past and how they could have done things differently



Mindfulness

 Paying attention to the present moment, having a focus mind (not wandering)



The survey



Personality and self-awareness

Introduction

1/6

Are some people more self-aware than others? number of questions about your self-awarenes Whatever your experience of MBTI type and w

All data collected from the survey will be entire for some personal data. Storage of the data co specific individuals or organisations.

We will publish a summary report of the result complete. In order to complete this survey, yo completing the Myers-Briggs Type Indicator (M

The survey is in 3 parts:

About you Your views on self awareness Your behaviour

The survey should take you no more than 15 i

> Participants were asked questions on:

- > Aspects of self-awareness
- Advantages and disadvantages of self-awareness
- > How their self-awareness differs from others
- > Areas where self-awareness was most useful
- > How personality informed day-to-day behaviour
- How knowing about their personality has had an effect on their life
- Methods used to develop self-awareness, and which were most useful

> The participants:

- > 937 people, 71% female, average age 45 years
- > 63% working in HR, coaching, people development
- > 57% UK, 17% US, 14% ROW, 12% Europe



How have you developed self-awareness?



Feedback

- From manager
- From peers
- From subordinates
- From clients
- From your wider network
- From family

Other methods

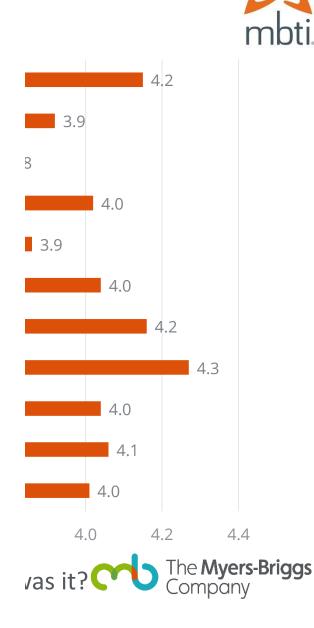
- Completing personality questionnaires
- Completing 360° tools
- Completing values measures
- Professional help (e.g. coaching)
- Journaling
- Training to be a coach



How others gather feedback

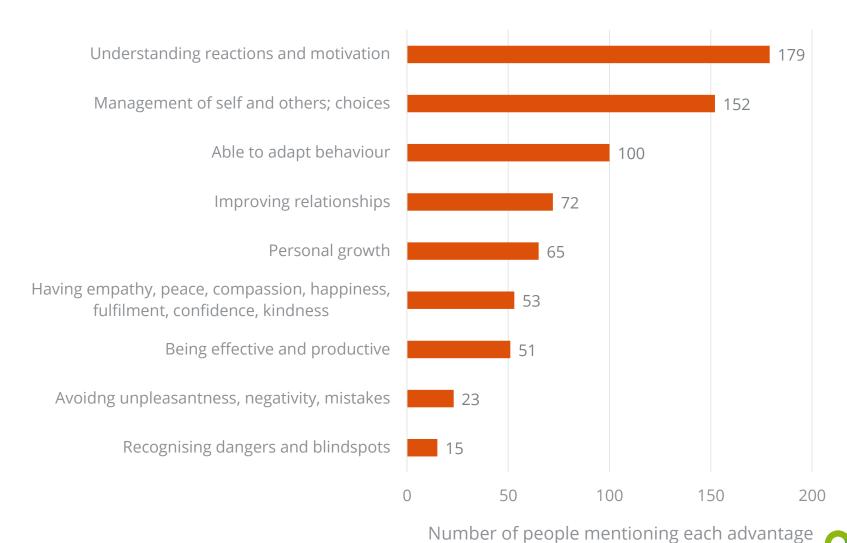






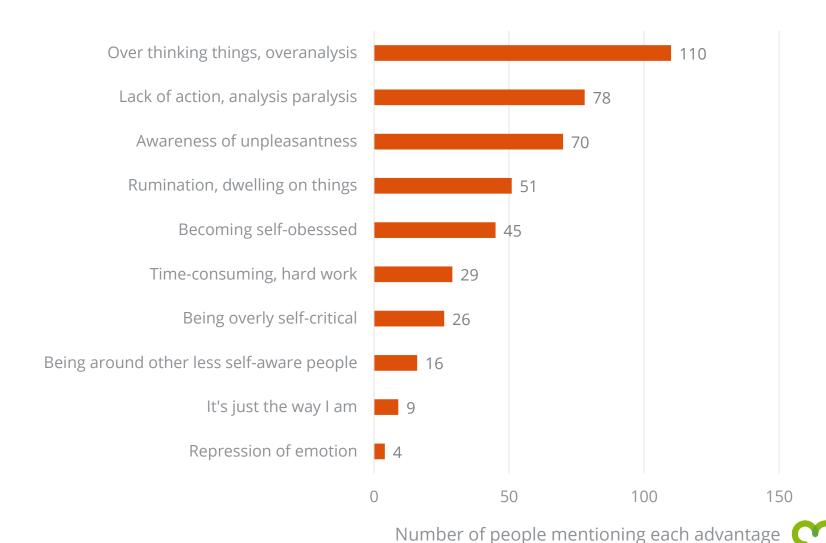
What advantages are there to being self-aware?





What disadvantages are there to being self-aware?





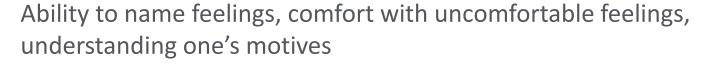
The four dimensions of type



47%	EXTRAVERSION	INTROVERSION	53%
	Where do you get your energy from?		
30%	S ENSING	INTUITION	70%
	What kind of information do you prefer to use?		
46%	THINKING	F EELING	54%
	What process do you use to make decisions?		
51%	JUDGING	PERCEIVING	49%
	How do you deal with the world around you?		



Insight





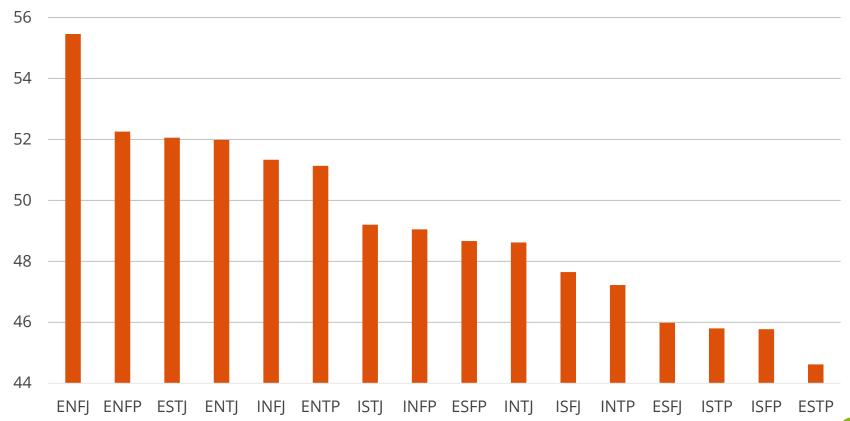


Extraversion

Intuition

(Neither)

(Neither)



Reflection

Reflecting on one's thoughts and feelings, valuing self-reflection and others' self-reflection



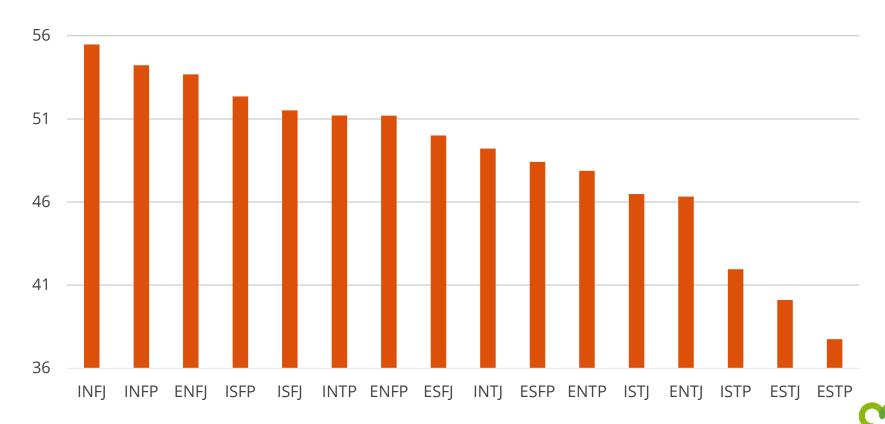


Introversion

Intuition

Feeling

(Neither)



Rumination

Recalling negative events, considering the past and how things could have been done differently



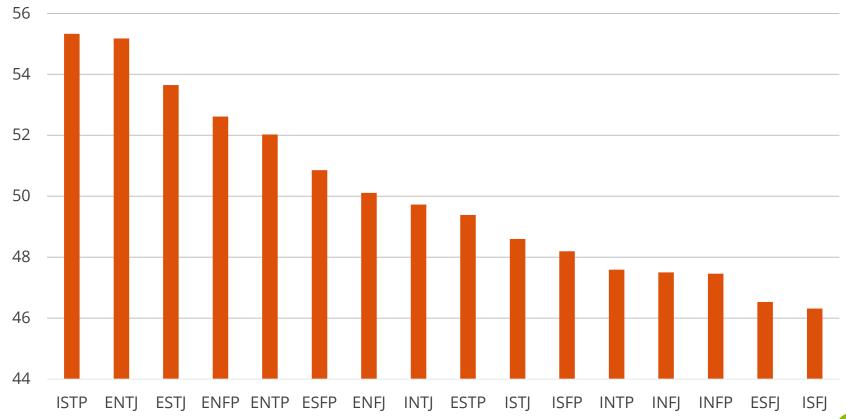


Extraversion

(Neither)

Thinking

(Neither)



(not) Mindfulness

Rushing between activities, operating on autopilot, having a wandering mind



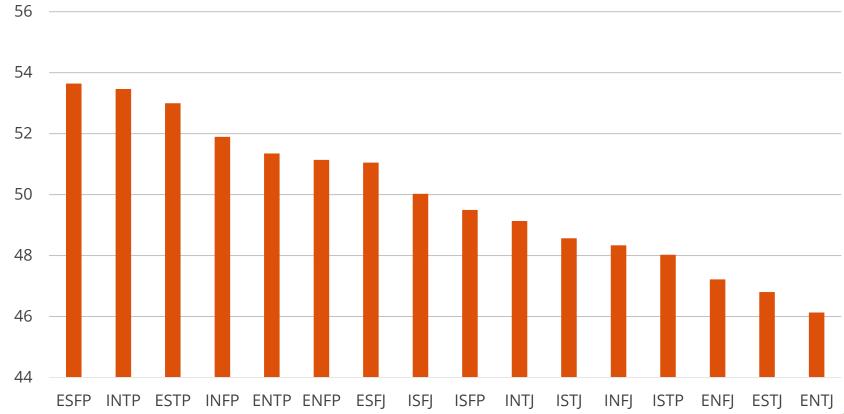


(Neither)

(Neither)

(Neither)

Perceiving



Developing self-awareness: what works?



Frequently used methods

Feedback from peers

Completing personality questionnaires

Feedback from family

Most effective methods

Training to be a coach

Professional help (e.g. coaching)

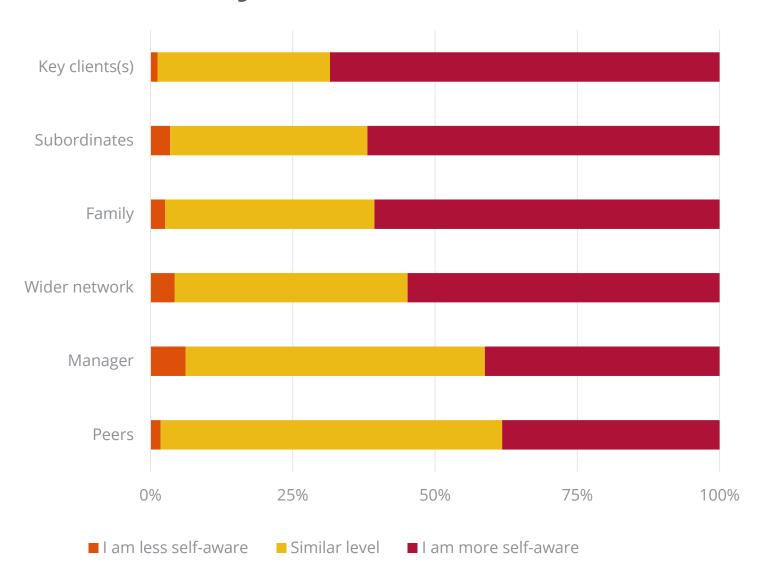
Completing personality questionnaires

Are you using the most effective methods to develop self-awareness?



How self-aware are you?

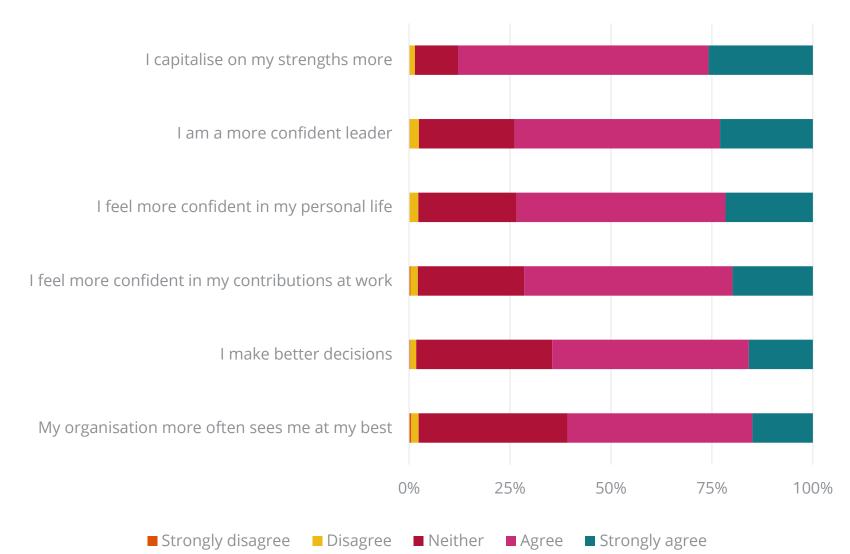






Since becoming aware of your MBTI type...



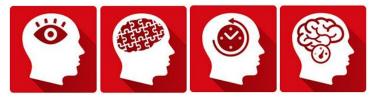




Type and self-awareness - conclusions



- There are advantages to being self-aware
- Self-awareness may have a number of components:
 - Insight, Reflection, Rumination, Mindfulness
- The methods most used to develop self-awareness may not be the most effective
- Awareness of type does bring benefits
- People may not be as self-aware as they think







Questions?

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Thank you

